Advocating for ELL students and their families at the school level

Educator advocates in their schools for English Language Learner (ELL) students and families using a five-step action plan.

**Key Method**

The educator develops and implements an ELL advocacy plan based upon the five steps that can be implemented in their school community.

**Method Components**

**Who are English Language Learners (ELLS)?**

At the federal level, an English Language Learner (ELL) is defined as a student:

A. Who is aged 3 through 21;

B. Who is enrolled or preparing to enroll in an elementary or secondary school;

C.i) who was not born in the United States or whose native language is a language other than English; and who comes from an environment where a language other than English is dominant OR

- ii) (I) who is a Native American or Alaska Native, or a native resident of outlying areas, and (II) who comes from an environment where a language other than English had a significant impact on the individual's level of English language proficiency; OR

- iii) who is migratory, whose native language is a language other than English, and who comes from an environment where a language other than English is dominant AND

D. whose difficulties speaking, reading, writing, or understanding the English language may be sufficient to deny the individual –

- i. the ability to meet the State's proficient level of achievement on the State's assessments described in section 1111(b)(3);

- ii. The ability to achieve successfully in the classrooms where the language of instruction is English; or

- iii. The opportunity to participate fully in society.

**What is advocacy?**
Advocacy for ELLs can be described as action taken to work for ELLs’ access to high-quality education and equitable educational opportunities. There are many different components to advocacy for ELLs including equitable access to content, equitable assessment opportunities, effective collaboration with families, and clear and transparent processes for identification, monitoring, and exiting of ELLs.

As ELLs and their families become more familiar with the U.S. educational system and learn to advocate for themselves, they will require fewer advocacy efforts from others to obtain equitable educational opportunities. Educators should practice this scaffolded advocacy strategy so ELLs can become self-advocates.

**What is educational equity?**

Educational equity means that all students, regardless of culture, race, economic status, background, or other personal circumstances should have equal access to opportunities, resources, and support needed to achieve academically.

**What are the key strategies to advocate for English Language Learners (ELLs)?**

Educators will have the opportunity to practice advocating for ELLs with a step-by-step process that will enable them to identify an advocacy issue and work to bring about change in their school community. It is important to note that the order of the steps is non-linear. 5 Steps to ELL Advocacy:

1. **Isolate the issue** - Clarify the source of an issue facing your ELL students and their families so appropriate action steps can be planned.

2. **Identify your allies** - Consider advocating alongside partners in the school community with a variety of perspectives about the issue.

3. **Be clear on the rights of ELL students** - Having a clear understanding of the local, state, and federal policies and laws pertaining to ELLs and their families empowers you to advocate for what is ethically right and legally justified.

4. **Organize and educate others** - You are not alone in this work and need to expand your network of allies so you can work with others in your school setting and wider community.

5. **Identify your outlets for change** - Think of what incremental steps can be taken to bring about change in your classroom, school, district, and community.

### Supporting Research


National Network for Early Language Learning (NNELL). NNELL provides leadership, advocacy, and support to early language learning and teaching. [http://nnell.org](http://nnell.org)

“The growing number of English learner students.” The National Clearing House for English Language Acquisition


Resources

Policy and Accountability Requirements: Survey for Reflection and Action to the Resource Section


Advocating for English Language Learners Under ESSA,
https://ncte.org/blog/2016/04/advocating-english-language-learners-essa/


All in!: How educators can advocate for English Language Learners


Coloñin Colorado
http://colorincolordo.org/advocacy-ells-recommended-resources

English Language Learners face unique challenges (NEA).

ELL advocacy: Tips from educators.
https://youtu.be/4L0LRDJqOvY

Expanding Your EL advocacy sphere of influence.
https://youtu.be/7twD2CxlX6l

You are Already a Leader: Identifying your Leadership Skills on Behalf of ELLs.
http://colorincolordo.org/article/you-are-already-leader-identifying-your-leadership-skills-behalf-ells

National Education Association. NEA advocates for English Language Learners by supporting educational policy, professional development, and quality instruction (including bilingual ed) facilitating ELL achievement.
http://www.nea.org/ell

https://www.isbe.net/Documents/advocacy-els-overview.pdf

Who are English Language Learners? https://www2.ed.gov/datastory/el-characteristics/index.html

5-Step Action Plan
https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B4L4PK5r_CVnXz8ta1N5TWNsa1U/view?usp=sharing

Ensuring English learner students can participate meaningfully and equally in educational programs.

Submission Guidelines & Evaluation Criteria

To earn the micro-credential, you must receive a passing score in Parts 1 and 3 and receive a proficient score for all components in Part 2.

Part 1. Overview Questions
How have you helped or how can you help ELLs and their families learn to advocate for themselves?

After looking at issues affecting ELLs and their families, what do you feel is your role in bringing about change for ELLs and their families?

Which English Language Learner (ELL) issues needing advocacy most surprised you in general? In your own school community?

- **Passing:** Educator completely answers each of the three context questions using personal examples and supporting evidence clearly illustrating your discoveries, experience advocating, and/or plan for advocating for ELLs. Writing is organized and easy to understand.

**Part 2. Work Examples / Artifacts**

To earn this micro-credential, please submit the following three artifacts:

**Artifact 1: Action Plan**
Select three issues you wish to advocate for and write a five-step action plan (see Resources section) for each using the information from All In! How Educators Can Advocate for English Language Learners (see Resources section). (150 - 200 words for each part of the plan)

**Artifact 2: Letter**
Select ONE issue that you will actually advocate for and write a letter to your principal where you request a private meeting or staff meeting time to go over the five-step action plan for this one issue. (400 - 500 words)

**Artifact 3: Presentation**
Create a Powerpoint or Google Slide presentation that can be used with your staff to share what you learned about advocating and the five-step action plan for your one issue.

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<tr>
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<th>Proficient</th>
<th>Basic</th>
<th>Developing</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Artifact 1: Action Plan</td>
<td>Explicitly describes each of the five steps to advocate for ELLs</td>
<td>Describes the five steps to advocate for ELLs, but does not provide adequate detail for each step</td>
<td>Describes the steps to advocate for ELLs with so little detail that a clear picture of each step cannot be formed by the evaluator</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Connections to the content from the ALL In! guide are evident throughout the advocacy plan</td>
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<td>Connections to the content from the ALL In! guide are not made in the advocacy plan</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Artifact 2: Letter</td>
<td>Business style letter explicitly includes the following components: The issue you are advocating for The rationale for</td>
<td>Letter includes the following components, but does not provide adequate detail: The issue you are advocating for</td>
<td>Letter includes little detail about or omits the following components: The issue you are advocating for</td>
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- **Proficient:**

  - Clearly and completely describes each of the five steps to advocate for ELLs.
  - Connections to the content from the ALL In! guide are evident throughout the advocacy plan.
  - Grammar and spelling are correct, and sentence structure enhances clear communication.
  - Responses are 150 to 200 words per step.

- **Basic:**

  - Describes the five steps to advocate for ELLs, but does not provide adequate detail for each step.
  - Connections to the content from the ALL In! guide are evident throughout some of the advocacy plan.
  - Grammar, spelling, and sentence structure do not inhibit clear communication.
  - Responses are not 150 to 200 words per step.

- **Developing:**

  - Describes the steps to advocate for ELLs with so little detail that a clear picture of each step cannot be formed by the evaluator.
  - Connections to the content from the ALL In! guide are not made in the advocacy plan.
  - Grammar, spelling, and sentence structure inhibit clear communication.
  - Responses are not 150 to 200 words per step.
Part 3. Reflection

400 - 500 words

Reflect on the following guiding questions:

What key insights did you learn about your role and steps you can take when advocating for ELLs and their families?

How will your new learning about advocacy affect or change your role when working with ELL students and their families?

- **Passing**: Response thoughtfully addresses the impact the micro-credential has had on the educator’s practice in supporting and advocating for ELL students. Reflection includes personal examples and supporting evidence that is organized and easy to understand.