Virtual Engagement Strategies for Asynchronous Learning

Facilitator uses a variety of strategies and digital tools to engage learners in asynchronous learning.

**Key Method**

Facilitator uses a variety of engagement strategies to connect with the learners, creates a safe and comfortable virtual learning environment, and encourages collaboration between the participants.

**Method Components**

**Asynchronous Learning**

Asynchronous learning includes forms of education, instruction, and learning that do not occur in the same place or at the same time. The term is most commonly applied to various forms of digital and online learning in which students learn from instruction—such as prerecorded video lessons or game-based learning tasks that students complete on their own—that is not delivered in person or in real time. It may also encompass a wide variety of instructional interactions, including email exchanges between teachers, online discussion boards, and course-management systems that organize instructional materials and correspondence, among many other possible variations. Whether learning is synchronous or asynchronous, the facilitator establishes an environment that is engaging, motivating, and safe.

**Why is Virtual Engagement Important?**

People learn socially, even in an online setting. Effective online learning requires facilitation that allows participants to interact with content, apply skills, and discuss their learning and questions with others in similar settings.

**Tips and Strategies to Motivate Learners**

Sessions include opportunities for participants to learn from each other and to share their questions. In a professional learning setting, the participants bring experience and knowledge to the group. Facilitators encourage networking and sharing of ideas, thoughts, and new learning.

- There are a variety of interaction strategies
- Participants use the technology to share their experiences
- Time is given to ask questions and to interact with the material and each other
- Routines and expectations are established
Tips and Strategies to Engage Learners in Online Discussions

Discussion boards should allow learners to dig deeper into the content and should encourage participants to learn from each other. These online discussions should have rubrics to guide participants in both the content and expected responses, rather than recall of facts. Facilitators create open-ended questions that encourage the participants to respond to both the question and to each other. Schedule of posts allow time for thoughtful response to questions, as well as opportunities to respond to each other.

- Collaborative discussions
- Questions and feedback promote deeper thinking, not just recall
- Questions are intentionally open-ended

Creates a Safe Environment

Facilitator in online learning will allow learners to participate at a comfortable level. Tasks should be manageable by learners, and safe to participate in. Participants should be expected to engage in learning and ask questions.

- Tasks are relevant to the learning
- Participants are encouraged to join activities and share work
- Activities allow participants to interact with the content and apply their learning.
- Feedback is positive and timely

Digital Platforms for Asynchronous Learning

- NEA edCommunities
- Facebook Groups
- LinkedIn
- Google Classroom
- Digital Promise
- Online class LMS with discussion boards
- Schoology

Supporting Research

The Power of Virtual Coaching

https://ir.canterbury.ac.nz/bitstream/handle/10092/1966/12611007_mackey.pdf?sequence=3

http://www.nea.org/tools/63691.htm

AWSAccessKeyId=AKIAIWOWYYGZ2Y53UL3AS&Expires=1524605375&Signature=xUgNdSz2DBjZPkJkXLkJNdE%3D&response-content-disposition=inline%3B%20filename%3DVirtual_Professional_Learning_Communities.pdf

http://www.online-journals.org/index.php/i-jet/article/view/1765/2013


http://metamorphosislc.com/images/Resources/Articles/Challenging_Assumptions_About_Coaching.pdf

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**Resources**

**Facilitating Online Learning**

The Importance of Facilitating Online Learning  
https://drkellyedmonds.com/the-importance-of-facilitating-online-learning/

Deliver a Fun Online Learning Session  
https://drkellyedmonds.com/fun-live-learning-sessions/

Facilitating Online Learning: Tips and Suggestions  
https://scienceonline.terc.edu/facilitating_online_learning.html

Blended and Online Learning  
https://cft.vanderbilt.edu/guides-sub-pages/blended-and-online-learning/

A Checklist for Facilitating Online Courses  
https://www.facultyfocus.com/articles/online-education/a-checklist-for-facilitating-online-courses/

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**Ice-Breaker Strategies**

IceBreaker Activities
Icebreakers
https://laulima.hawaii.edu/access/content/group/fb8c10fd-5445-420b-0034-bad118df5196/TeachingResources/icebreakers.html

The Importance of Icebreakers in Online Learning
https://dl.sps.northwestern.edu/blog/2015/07/the-importance-of-icebreakers-in-online-classes/

Ten Online Icebreakers
http://joitskehulsebosch.blogspot.com/2009/03/10-online-icebreakers.html

Five Creative Icebreakers and Assignments for the Online Classroom
https://adjunctworld.com/blog/5-creative-icebreakers-assignments-for-the-online-classroom/

Adult Virtual Icebreakers
https://sites.google.com/site/adultonlineteachingstrategies/virtualicebreakers/adult-virtual-icebreakers

Discussion Strategies
Online Discussion Strategies
https://uwaterloo.ca/centre-for-teaching-excellence/teaching-resources/teaching-tips/developing-assignments/blended-learning/online-discussions-tips-students

Online Learning
http://advanced.jhu.edu/5-essential-online-learning-strategies/

Techniques of online discussion
https://www.cultofpedagogy.com/speaking-listening-techniques/

Collaboration Strategies
Reasons Why Collaborative Online Learning Activities are Effective
https://elearningindustry.com/collaborative-online-learning-activities-reasons-effective

How to Make Group Work Collaborative
https://onlinelearninginsights.wordpress.com/2014/08/14/how-to-make-group-work-collaborative-in-online-courses-four-strategies/

Student Collaboration Tools
https://www.commonsense.org/education/top-picks/best-student-collaboration-tools

Fostering Collaboration in the Online Classroom
Submission Guidelines & Evaluation Criteria

To earn the micro-credential, you must answer the questions with a passing score in Parts 1 and 3, and receive a proficient for all components in Part 2.

Part 1. Overview Questions

175 - 250 words

Please answer the following contextual questions to help our assessor understand your current situation. Please do not include any information that will make you identifiable to your reviewers.

1. What do you hope to gain or change in your practice on asynchronous adult learning as a result of engaging with this competency?

2. What experience, if any, do you have with supporting adult learners in a face-to-face or virtual capacity.

3. What tool did you decide to use to create your learning environment? Why did you choose this tool? If the tool was chosen by others, please share that information.

- **Passing:** Response provides reasonable and accurate information that justifies the reason for choosing this micro-credential to address specific needs of both the virtual coach and the adult learners. Facilitator includes a learning goal that describes what they hope to gain from earning this micro-credential.

Part 2. Work Examples / Artifacts

Submit the following two artifacts as evidence of your learning. Please do not include any information that will make you or your students identifiable to your reviewers.

**Artifact 1: Virtual Learning Group**

Create an asynchronous virtual learning group using one of the platforms listed in the resources section or another platform of your choosing.

Upload annotated Screenshots of your group, or paste a link to your group in the submission box.

**Artifact 2: Description**

Describe how you met each of the requirements listed below.
- **Purpose or expected outcomes of group**
- **Evidence of motivating learners**
  - Strategies used to engage learners in content and with each other
  - Time is given for participants to reflect on new learning and to share their thoughts
  - Feedback is timely and promotes deeper thinking
- **Evidence of online discussion**
  - Open-ended questions
  - Dialog between participants
  - Rubric for online discussion
- **Evidence of safe learning environment**
  - Norms are set for interactions
  - Use of appropriate language
  - Timely feedback

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<th>Artifact 1: Virtual Learning Group</th>
<th>Proficient</th>
<th>Basic</th>
<th>Developing</th>
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<td>Document includes screenshots, or links correspond to the points below</td>
<td>Document is not clear about which screenshots or links correspond to the points below</td>
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<td>The content is shared in a way that demonstrates understanding of adult learning to engage with the content. There is evidence of time given to both engage with the content and to respond to other participants. Feedback from the facilitator is thoughtful and encourages the participants to go deeper into the content. Facilitator has created open-ended questions that allow for participants to be reflective. There is a rubric to assist learners in understanding what their responses should be like. The rubric clearly defines the expectations of the discussion. There is evidence of questions being asked and responded to</td>
<td>The content is shared, but may or may not show an understanding of engagement strategies used. There is little evidence that time was given between responses to the content and responses to each other. The feedback from the facilitator may not push learners to go deeper into the content. Questions are open-ended and allow for learners to be reflective. The rubric for online discussion may not be clear or not fully define expectations of the discussion. There is evidence of participants responding to each other, but their responses may lack depth or relevance.</td>
<td>The outcome of the course is not clear. Content may be shared, but no evidence of engagement is shown. There is no time given for participants to respond to each other, for example all responses are due on the same day, with no time to learn from others. Feedback may be missing or not constructive. Questions in the online discussion are more recall than reflective questions that encourage discussion. Rubric for online discussion is not included. There is no evidence of participants responding</td>
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<th>Artifact 2: Description</th>
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participants responding to each other not only the facilitator
Norms are established for the online learning. This is through the rubric or posted in the community.
Language used is appropriate and clear. Facilitator avoids idioms or phrases that can be misunderstood. The content is presented in a way that is clear, concise, and allows learners to participate at their level. Feedback given is timely and encourages the learners to explore concepts. There are opportunities for participants to use the feedback in further discussion.
discussion may not be deeper thinking.
Norms may be established for the learning. It may be posted, but not evident throughout the course.
Language is clear, but may include idioms or phrases that could be misunderstood by participants.
Feedback is not timely, nor specific to the rubric or outcomes of the course.
to each other.
Norms are not shared with the participants.
Language may not be clear.
Feedback is not timely, or is not specific.

Part 3 Reflection

350 - 500 words

Please answer the following reflective questions. Please do not include any information that will make you identifiable to your reviewers.

1. How did focusing on the engagement of your participants change the way that you set up the course? In what way did you change your teaching strategies?

2. What strategies did you find the most helpful as you reflect on the engagement of the learners in this course?

3. How will the learning from this micro-credential change the way that you plan and implement coursework change in the future?

- **Passing:** Reflection provides evidence that this activity has had a positive impact on both Facilitator practice and student success. Specific examples are cited directly from personal or work-related experiences to support claims. Also included are specific actionable steps the demonstrate how new learning will be integrated into future practices.

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